What is claimed is:

- A method of laser machining comprising:
 impinging a focused laser beam upon a surface of a work piece; and
 directing a process gas stream against the surface of the work piece, wherein the
 process gas stream comprises oxygen, hydrogen, and at least one inert gas.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the ratio of oxygen to hydrogen in the process gas is hypostoichiometric with respect to the reaction $2H_2 + O_2 => H_2O$.
- 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising selecting a hypostoichiometric ratio of oxygen to hydrogen in the process gas in order to determine the degree of reductive effect of the process gas.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one inert gas is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, argon and helium.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas comprises between about 0.1% and about 30% by volume of oxygen.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas comprises between about 0.5% and about 25% by volume of oxygen.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas comprises between about 1% and about 20% by volume of oxygen.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas comprises between about 1% and about 70% by volume of hydrogen.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas comprises between about 5% and about 60% by volume of hydrogen.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas comprises between about 10% and about 50% by volume of hydrogen.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas is mixed from a gas mixture comprising hydrogen and air; or hydrogen, an inert gas, and air.

- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the method of laser machining comprises a method of laser beam fusion cutting, and wherein the process gas comprises more than about 10% by volume of at least one gas selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and argon.
- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the process gas comprises between about 20% and about 98% by volume of at least one gas selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and argon.
- 14. The method of claim 12, wherein the process gas comprises between about 30% and about 95% by volume of at least one gas selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and argon.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein the method of laser machining comprises a method of laser beam fusion cutting, and wherein the process gas consists essentially of nitrogen, oxygen, and hydrogen; or argon, oxygen, and hydrogen; or nitrogen, argon, oxygen, and hydrogen.
- 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas stream is directed against the surface of the work piece by a laser machining apparatus, and wherein the process gas is supplied premixed to the laser machining apparatus.
- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas stream is directed against the surface of the work piece by a laser machining apparatus having at least one of a welding nozzle and a cutting nozzle, and wherein a plurality of individual components of the process gas are mixed in the laser machining apparatus before reaching the at least one nozzle.
- 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the process gas stream is directed against the surface of the work piece by a laser machining apparatus having at least one of a welding nozzle and a cutting nozzle, and wherein a plurality of individual components of the process gas are swirled in the at least one nozzle.
- 19. The method of claim 1, wherein the method of laser machining comprises a method of laser beam fusion cutting, and wherein the work piece is composed of a material that cannot be cut using a laser beam flame cutting process.

- 20. The method of claim 1, wherein the method of laser machining comprises a method of laser beam welding, and wherein the work piece is composed of a coated material.
- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the coated material is selected from the group consisting of steel and galvanized steel.
- 22. A process gas for use in laser machining processes, comprising oxygen, hydrogen, and at least one inert gas.
- 23. The process gas of claim 22, wherein the ratio of oxygen to hydrogen in the process gas is hypostoichiometric with respect to the reaction $2 H_2 + O_2 => 2 H_2O$.
- 24. The process gas of claim 22, wherein the at least one inert gas is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, argon, and helium.
- 25. The process gas of claim 22, wherein the process gas comprises between about 0.1% and about 30% by volume of oxygen.
- 26. The process gas of claim 25, wherein the process gas comprises between about 0.5% and about 25% by volume of oxygen.
- 27. The process gas of claim 25, wherein the process gas comprises between about 1% and about 20% by volume of oxygen.
- 28. The process gas of claim 22, wherein the process gas comprises between about 1% and about 70% by volume of hydrogen.
- 29. The process gas of claim 28, wherein the process gas comprises between about 5% and about 60% by volume of hydrogen.
- 30. The process gas of claim 28, wherein the process gas comprises between about 10% and about 50% by volume of hydrogen.
- 31. The process gas of claim 22, wherein the process gas comprises more than about 10% by volume of at least one gas selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and argon.

- 32. The process gas of claim 22, wherein the process gas comprises between about 20% and about 98% by volume of at least one gas selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and argon.
- 33. The process gas of claim 32, wherein the process gas comprises between about 30% and about 95% by volume of at least one gas selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and argon.
- 34. A process gas for use in laser machining processes, consisting essentially of:

nitrogen, oxygen, and hydrogen; or argon, oxygen, and hydrogen; or nitrogen, argon, oxygen, and hydrogen.

- 35. The process gas of claim 34, wherein the ratio of oxygen to hydrogen in the process gas is hypostoichiometric with respect to the reaction $2H_2 + O_2 => 2 H_2O$.
- 36. The process gas of claim 34, wherein the process gas consists essentially of between about 0.1% and about 30% by volume of oxygen.
- 37. The process gas of claim 34, wherein the process gas consists essentially of between about 1% and about 70% by volume of hydrogen.
- 38. The process gas of claim 34, wherein the process gas consists essentially of more than about 10% by volume of nitrogen.
- 39. The process gas of claim 34, wherein the process gas consists essentially of more than about 10% by volume of argon.